

A Progression in Reading - Year 5

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WORD READING

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(At this stage, there should be no need for further direct teaching of word reading skills for almost all pupils.)

Apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (morphology and etymology), as listed in National Curriculum English Appendix 1, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words that they meet.

Read silently for a sustained period of time

COMPREHENSION



NOTE: The knowledge and skills that pupils need in order to comprehend are very similar at different ages. The complexity of the writing increases the level of challenge so ensure that the complexity of texts is increased from Year 4.

Y5 pupils should be taught to maintain positive attributes to reading and understand what they read.



ENGAGING IN A RANGE OF READING

Regularly listen to and discuss a range of friction (including whole novels) poetry, plays and nonfiction from a wide range of authors and genres which they might not choose to read for themselves (including those from the school's identified Y5 'core texts').

Continue to read and discuss an increasingly wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks.

Read for a range of purposes (e.g. enjoyment, to find out information or the meaning of new words)
Make personal reading choices and explain reasons for these (e.g. style, genre, etc.)

Reflect on reading preferences and habits and compare these with those of others.

Recommend books that they have read to their peers, giving reasons for their choices (making links to personal reading choices and reasons for these). Quickly appraise non-fiction texts to evaluate their usefulness and quality.

UNDERSTANDING THE STRUCTURE OF TEXTS

Read books that are structured in different ways. Recognise that different text types use different features to support the structure.

Sequence the main events in longer stories into the five stages and identify how writers use more complex structures that do not have simple linear chronology (e.g., flashbacks and 'time-slip').

Recognise and compare an increasing range of poetry structures (e.g. free verse, narrative poetry, auatrain, tanka).

UNDERSTANDING THE THEMES, CONVENTIONS AND CONTEXTS OF TEXTS

Increase familiarity with a wide range of books, including myths, legends and traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and books from other cultures and traditions.

Identify and discuss themes and conventions in and across a wide range of writing (e.g.: loss; heroism; friendship; the conventions of different types of non-fiction writing [e.g. 5Ws in newspaper reports]; how a common theme is presented in different genres [e.g. pollution in poetry, narrative and other medial).

2H - COMPARISON

Make comparisons within books (e.g.: settings; themes; different characteristics of main characters; characters' viewpoints of the same events).

PERFORM POETRY / PLAYSCRIPTS

Learn a wider range of poetry by heart.

Prepare poems and plays to read aloud and to perform (individually or together) and show understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience.

Use appropriate interaction between characters in play scripts (e.g. body language, facial expressions, tone of voice)

UNDERSTANDING WORD MEANINGS

Use dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read.

Use morphological and etymological knowledge to work out the meanings of unknown words (link to NC Appendix 1: Y3/4 Spelling Y5/6).

Infer meanings of unfamiliar words,

UNDERSTANDING THE USE OF LANGUAGE

Identity, discuss and collect words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination.

2G - CHOICE OF WORDS

Discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader (e.g.: explore, recognise and use the terms metaphor, simile and imagery; explain the effect of humorous language choices).

Y5 pupils should be taught to understand what they read and respond by making point + evidence + elaborating.



UNDERSTANDING THE TEXT

Activate prior knowledge and draw on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher.

2A - MEANING OF WORDS IN CONTEXT

Use active reading strategies including: checking that the book makes sense to them; discussing their understanding; exploring the meaning of words in context; asking questions to improve their understanding; modifying questions to refine thinking.

Answer literal, inferential (see using inference and making predictions sections) and evaluate comprehension questions [by making point + giving evidence + elaboration].

2F – COHESION AND STRUCTURE

Identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning.

Distinguish between statements of fact and opinion in non-fiction texts.

Participate in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can reads for themselves, build on their own and others' ideas and challenge views courteously.

Provide reasoned justifications for their views [by making a point + giving evidence + elaboration] Explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations (individually or in groups) and debates, maintaining a focus on the topic and using notes where necessary.

USING INFERENCE AND MAKING PREDICTIONS

2D - INFERENCE

Draw inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions and dialogue, and justifying inferences with evidence (e.g. use knowledge of a character to infer how they have changed and suggest reasons for this).

2E - PREDICTION

Predict what might happen from details stated and implied (e.g. about the consequences of a character's actions or how a character will act using prior knowledge of how characters in other books have behaved in similar situations).

Make predictions based on the mood / atmosphere changes that the author has created (e.g. predict that something bad is about to happen because the mood changes when all goes quiet and the lights go out)

Make predictions using experiences of reading books by the same author or similar genres (e.g. predict the plot structure of an adventure story and what might happen to the main characters based on reading of other adventure stories).

SUMMARISING

2C - SUMMARISING

Summarise the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identify key details that support the main ideas (e.g. 'The character is evil because...': 'Clitheroe Castle is a worthwhile place to visit because...' [details come from across the text]).

Summarise and present a familiar story in their own words.

NAVIGATING TEXTS

2B - RETIEVE AND RECORD INFORMATION

Retrieve, record and present information from nonfiction [from more than one point of reference in the text] (e.g. use contents page, index, headings and subheadings [note: there may be more that one page reference in the index or contents which would require children to identify the page/s that are relevant]).

Apply information retrieval skills in other subjects.
Scan for key words or phrases to retrieve information
[from more than one point of reference in the text]
Skim a text for gist in order to see if the text is
relevant and / or locate the appropriate section for
close reading.